

# Personality Disorders

## Prevalence

- **12-month Prevalence:** 9.1% of U.S. adult population<sup>1</sup>
- **Severe:** Not Reported
- **Lifetime Prevalence:** Not Reported

**Average Age-of-Onset:** Not Reported

## Demographics (for lifetime prevalence)<sup>2</sup>

- Sex and race were not found to be associated with personality disorders. There was a statistical trend for men to be more likely to have antisocial personality disorder than women.

## Treatment/Services Use<sup>3</sup>

**12-month Healthcare Use:** Not Reported

- **Percent Received Minimally Adequate Treatment:** Not Reported

**12-month Any Service Use (including Healthcare):** 39.0% of those with disorder are receiving treatment

- **Percent Received Minimally Adequate Treatment:** Not Reported

<sup>1</sup>Lenzenweger MF, Lane MC, Loranger AW, Kessler RC (2007). DSM-IV personality disorders in the National Comorbidity Survey Replication. *Biological Psychiatry*, 62(6), 553-564.

<sup>2</sup>Ibid

<sup>3</sup>Ibid