



# Brief Suicide Safety Assessment

## Ask *“Suicide-Screening”* Questions

- Use after a patient (8 - 24 years) screens positive for suicide risk on the asQ
- Assessment guide for mental health clinicians, MDs, NPs, or PAs
- Prompts help determine disposition

What to do when a pediatric patient screens positive for suicide risk:

# WORKSHEET

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Patient name: \_\_\_\_\_ DOB: \_\_\_\_\_

Interviewer name: \_\_\_\_\_ Assessment date: \_\_\_\_\_

## 1 Praise patient *for discussing their thoughts*

“I’m here to follow up on your responses to the suicide risk screening questions. These are hard things to talk about. Thank you for telling us. I need to ask you a few more questions.”

## 2 Assess the patient *Review patient’s responses from the asQ*

### Frequency of suicidal thoughts

*(If possible, assess patient alone depending on developmental considerations and parent willingness.)*  
Determine if and how often the patient is having suicidal thoughts.

**Ask the patient:** “In the past few weeks, have you been thinking about killing yourself?”

**If yes, ask:** “How often?” \_\_\_\_\_ (once or twice a day, several times a day, a couple times a week, etc.)

“Are you having thoughts of killing yourself right now?” **(If “yes,” patient requires an urgent/ STAT mental health evaluation and cannot be left alone. A positive response indicates imminent risk.)**

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### Suicide plan

Assess if the patient has a suicide plan, regardless of how they responded to any other questions (ask about method and access to means). **Ask the patient:** “Do you have a plan to kill yourself? Please describe.” **If no plan, ask:** “If you were going to kill yourself, how would you do it?”

**Note: If the patient has a very detailed plan, this is more concerning** than if they haven’t thought it through in great detail. If the plan is feasible (e.g., if they are planning to use pills and have access to pills), this is a reason for greater concern and removing or securing dangerous items (medications, guns, ropes, etc.).

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**2 Assess the patient** Review patient's responses from the asQ

**Past behavior**

Evaluate past self-injury and history of suicide attempts (method, estimated date, intent).

**Ask the patient:** "Have you ever tried to hurt yourself?" "Have you ever tried to kill yourself?"

**If yes, ask:** "How? When? Why?" and assess intent: "Did you think [method] would kill you?"

"Did you want to die?" (for youth, intent is as important as lethality of method)

**Ask:** "Did you receive medical/psychiatric treatment?"

**Note: Past suicidal behavior is the strongest risk factor for future attempts.**

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**Symptoms** **Ask the patient about:**

**Depression:** "In the past few weeks, have you felt so sad or depressed that it makes it hard to do the things you would like to do?"

**Anxiety:** "In the past few weeks, have you felt so worried that it makes it hard to do the things you would like to do or that you feel constantly agitated/on-edge?"

**Impulsivity/Recklessness:** "Do you often act without thinking?"

**Hopelessness:** "In the past few weeks, have you felt hopeless, like things would never get better?"

**Irritability:** "In the past few weeks, have you been feeling more irritable or groucher than usual?"

**Substance and alcohol use:** "In the past few weeks, have you used drugs or alcohol?"  
**If yes, ask:** "What? How much?"

**Other concerns:** "Recently, have there been any concerning changes in how you are thinking or feeling?"

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**Social Support & Stressors**

**Support network:** "Is there a trusted adult you can talk to? Who? Have you ever seen a therapist/counselor?" **If yes, ask:** "When?"

**Safety question:** "Do you think you need help to keep yourself safe?" (A "no" response does not indicate that the patient is safe, but a "yes" is a reason to act immediately to ensure safety.)

**Reasons for living:** "What are some of the reasons you would NOT kill yourself?"

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**WORKSHEET**

**3 Interview patient & parent/guardian together**

If patient is ≥ 18 years, ask patient's permission for parent/guardian to join. Say to the parent: "After speaking with your child, I have some concerns about his/her safety. We are glad your child spoke up as this can be a difficult topic to talk about. We would now like to get your perspective."

"Your child said... (reference positive responses on the asQ). Is this something he/she shared with you?"

"Does your child have a history of suicidal thoughts or behavior that you're aware of?" If yes, say: "Please explain."

"Does your child seem:

- Sad or depressed?"
- Anxious?"
- Impulsive?
- Reckless?"
- Hopeless?"
- Irritable?"
- Withdrawn?"

"Are you comfortable keeping your child safe at home?"

- Yes
- No

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"How will you secure or remove potentially dangerous items (guns, medications, ropes, etc.)?"

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At the end of the interview, ask the parent/guardian: "Is there anything you would like to tell me in private?"

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**4 Determine disposition**

After completing the assessment, choose the appropriate disposition plan.

- Emergency psychiatric evaluation:** Patient is at imminent risk for suicide (current suicidal thoughts). Urgent/STAT page psychiatry; keep patient safe in ED.
- Further evaluation of risk is necessary:** Request full mental health health/safety evaluation in the ED.
- No further evaluation in the ED:** Create safety plan for managing potential future suicidal thoughts and discuss securing or removing potentially dangerous items (medications, guns, ropes, etc.)
  - Send home with mental health referrals
  - or
  - No further intervention is necessary at this time

Comments \_\_\_\_\_

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**5 Provide resources to all patients**

- 24/7 National Suicide Prevention Lifeline 1-800-273-TALK (8255) En Español: 1-888-628-9454
- 24/7 Crisis Text Line: Text "HOME" to 741-741

